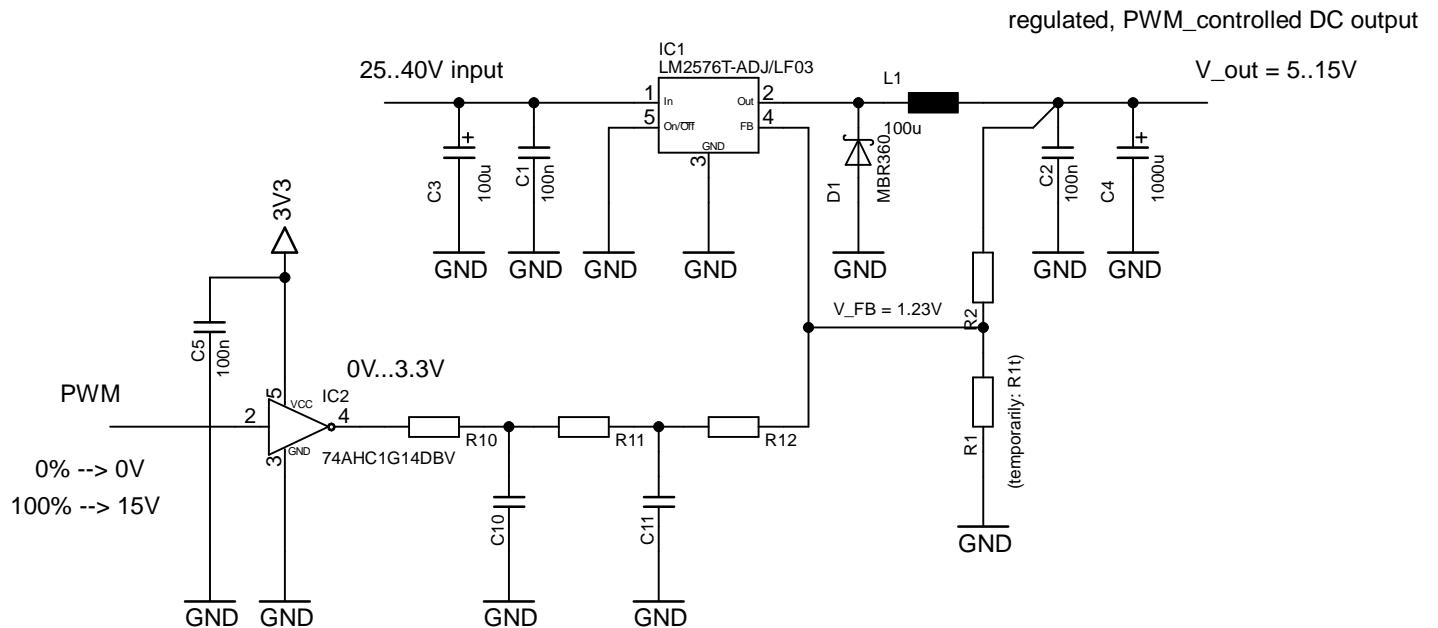


## How to generate a PWM-controlled DC output with a switch mode controller

Example



1)  $R_{1t} = 4\text{kOhms}$  (temporary, will be modified later) (Datasheet recommendation: 1k ... 5k)

2) Calculate  $R_2$  for  $V_{out} = 15V$  according datasheet formula (44k8)

$$IC2\_output\_voltage\_range = 0\dots 3.3V = 3.3V$$

$$Regulator\_output\_voltage\_range = 5V\dots 15V = 10V$$

$$\text{"manipulation resistance"} = R_M = R_{10} + R_{11} + R_{12}$$

3)  $R_M = R_2 \times IC2\_output\_voltage\_range / Regulator\_output\_voltage\_range$  (14k8)

4) To ease calculations:  $R_{10} = R_{11} = R_{12}; \dots = R_M / 3$  (4k93)

choose the next lower available value.

Now the output voltage is: 15V plus the "manipulation voltage"

$$\rightarrow V_{out} = 15V + R_2 \times (V_{FB} - 3.3V \times (1 - \text{duty\_cycle})) / R_M$$

$$(0\% = 8.7V; 100\% = 18.7V)$$

We need to calculate correct value for  $R_1$  because:  $R_{1t} = R_1 \parallel R_M$

5)  $R_1 = 1 / (1 / R_{1t} - 1 / R_M)$  (5k48)

PWM ripple suppression with  $C_{10} = C_{11}$ :

To reduce the ripple to one LSB of a 10 bit PWM I recommend:

6)  $C_{10} = C_{11} = 11 / (R_1 * f_{PWM}) \dots \text{at least.}$  (2.2uF @ 1kHz)