

DCM, Current Mode, FULL BRIDGE SMPS, 100W

Transformer = ETD49-3C94 (ungapped)
 NS/NP = 1.3
 LP= 7.77mH; LS = 13.17mH
 NP = 43; NS = 56

Please note that at the 26 ms point there is a high peak of the primary magnetising current to 460 mA. The steady state magnetising current peak is 200 mA. The 460 mA magnetising current peak corresponds to a B value of 0.397 mT.

-This is too close to saturation for comfort, especially when you think that Full Bridge transformers usually have non-gapped ferrite cores, meaning that 'flyway' saturation is a possibility.

One way round this problem is to re-design the Full Bridge so that the maximum duty cycle at full load is a maximum of 0.5.

The Full Bridge here has a maximum duty cycle of 0.7.

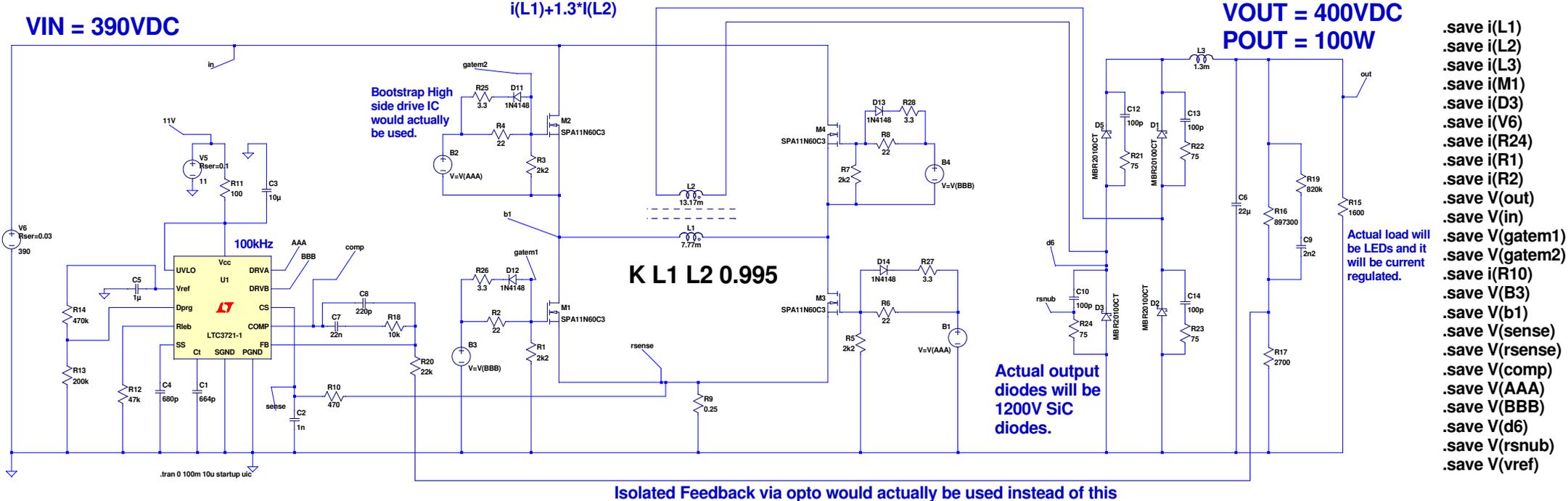
It would be even better if the Full Bridge control chip had a maximum possible Duty cycle of 0.5

.ic V(out) = 370V

VIN = 390VDC

Magnetising current in transformer
 $i(L1)+1.3*i(L2)$

VOUT = 400VDC
 POUT = 100W



- .save i(L1)
- .save i(L2)
- .save i(L3)
- .save i(M1)
- .save i(D3)
- .save i(V6)
- .save i(R24)
- .save i(R1)
- .save i(R2)
- .save V(out)
- .save V(in)
- .save V(gatem1)
- .save V(gatem2)
- .save i(R10)
- .save V(B3)
- .save V(b1)
- .save V(sense)
- .save V(rsense)
- .save V(comp)
- .save V(AAA)
- .save V(BBB)
- .save V(d6)
- .save V(rsusb)
- .save V(vref)

Actual load will be LEDs and it will be current regulated.