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# **AN1292 Demonstration ReadMe for the dsPICDEM™ MCHV-2 Development Board with the dsPIC33EP256MC506 Internal Op Amp PIM (MPLAB 8)**

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## **1.1 INTRODUCTION**

This document describes the setup requirements for running the Sensorless FOC algorithm with a PLL Estimator, which is referenced in AN1292 “*Sensorless Field Oriented Control (FOC) for a Permanent Magnet Synchronous Motor (PMSM) Using a PLL Estimator and Field Weakening (FW)*” using a dsPICDEM™ MCHV-2 Development Board in the Internal Op-amp configuration.

## **1.2 SUGGESTED DEMONSTRATION REQUIREMENTS**

MPLAB and C30 versions used:

- MPLAB version 8.84 (or later)
- C30 version 3.31 (or later)

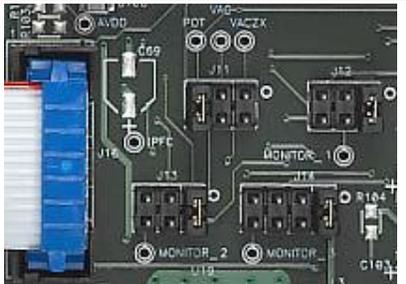
Hardware used with part numbers:

- dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board (DM330023-2) available at [www.microchipdirect.com](http://www.microchipdirect.com)
- dsPIC33EP256MC506 Internal Op Amp PIM (MA330031) available at [www.microchipdirect.com](http://www.microchipdirect.com)
- 220V PMSM/BLDC (e.g., the 80-252140-220) available from [www.eletechnic.com](http://www.eletechnic.com)

### 1.3 HARDWARE SETUP

The following hardware setup allows the sensorless FOC algorithm to run on the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board using Op amps that are internal to the dsPIC33EP256MC506 device.

1. With the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board disconnected, and making sure there is no power, open the enclosure and set up the following jumpers:

Jumper	Pins to Short	Board Reference
J11 (inside the enclosure)	Don't care	
J12 (inside the enclosure)	Don't care	
J13 (inside the enclosure)	Don't care	
J14 (inside the enclosure)	Don't care	
PWM OUTPUTS (front of the enclosure)	ENABLE position	
USB (front of the enclosure)	USB position	

2. Connect the 80-series motor to the output header J17. The motor wires can be connected in any order since this is a sensorless control algorithm.
3. Connect the Internal Op amp Configuration Board into J4. Ensure that the configuration board is correctly oriented before proceeding.



4. Secure the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board enclosure.
5. Connect the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board to AC input (90 to 265 VAC).



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6. Using a mini-USB cable, connect the computer to the PROGRAM/DEBUG mini-USB connector located on the front panel of the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board enclosure.



7. For enhanced demonstration, the application requires the Real-Time Data Monitor (RTDM). Users can connect a mini-USB cable from their computer to the J6 connector of the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board.



Notice that when the development board is powered and connected to the USB host for the first time, the driver needs to be installed on the host for proper operation.

- a) Extract the `PC_USB_driver_for_win2k_xp_vista32_64.zip` archive file to a local directory. This file is part of the ZIP file of the code.
- b) When prompted to select the driver for new USB device found, select the driver from the ones provided corresponding to the operating system used: Windows 2000, XP, or Vista (32- or 64-bit). Wait for the indication that the new device was installed properly and is ready to be used. Once the USB driver is installed, it will emulate a Serial COM Port, visible in the Windows Device Manager. A message indicating that the driver has not passed Windows logo certification may appear. Click **Continue Anyway**.
- c) When the USB driver is installed, a new COM port should show up in Windows device hardware manager. This should be the COM port used for Enhanced Demonstration.

## 1.4 SOFTWARE SETUP AND RUN

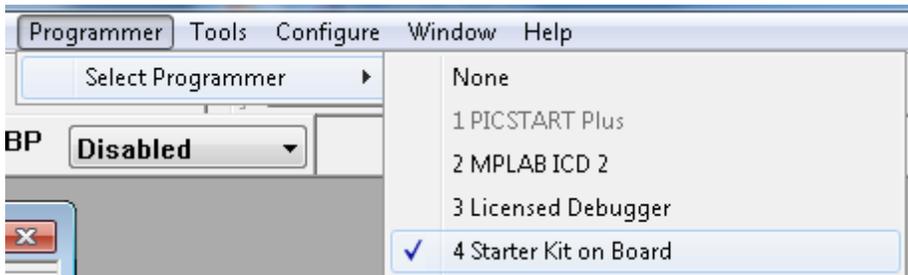
### 1.4.1 Basic Demonstration

This demonstration consists of running the motor using a push button and varying the speed with a potentiometer. The software, which is available for download from the Microchip website, is already configured for enabling the basic demonstration.

1. Start MPLAB IDE and open the `PMSM.mcp` workspace.



2. Select *Programmer>Starter Kit on Board*.



3. Make sure that `RTDM` and `DMCI_DEMO` are not defined in the `UserParams.h` file. This allows the push button and the potentiometer to have control over starting and stopping the motor and its speed. If this is defined, the motor will not start until the proper procedure is followed for the DMCI demonstration. Refer to Enhanced Demonstration Using Real-Time Data Monitor (R) if the DMCI demonstration is required.

```
/* define the line below
#undef RTDM_DEMO

#undef DMCI_DEMO
```

Also, in the `UserParams.h` file, ensure that `BIDIRECTIONAL_SPEED`, `TUNING`, `OPEN_LOOP_FUNCTIONING`, and `TORQUE_MODE` are not defined.

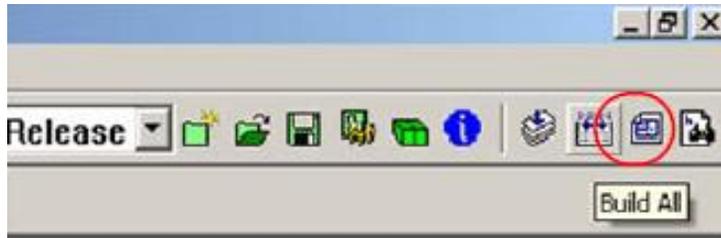
```
/* In this mode the speed doubling is no longer possible */
#undef BIDIRECTIONAL_SPEED

/* define the following TUNING for slow acceleration ramp inst
#undef TUNING

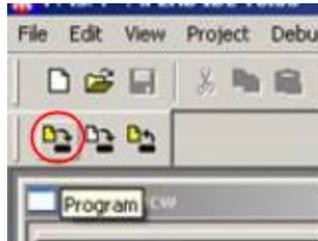
/* open loop continuous functioning */
/* closed loop transition disabled */
#undef OPEN_LOOP_FUNCTIONING
```

4. Build the code by selecting the **Release** mode from the drop-down list and clicking the **Build All** icon.

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5. Download the code to the dsPICDEM MCLV-2 Development Board.



6. When the device has been programmed, set the potentiometer (labeled POT) to the middle position. This corresponds to a motor reference speed of approximately 1000 RPM.



7. Run or stop the motor by pressing S1 (labeled PUSHBUTTON).



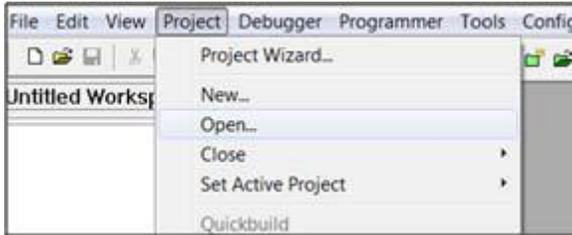
8. Vary the motor speed using the potentiometer.
9. Press S1 to stop the motor.
10. To enable the speed reversing operation, enable the macro, `#define BIDIRECTIONAL_SPEED`, which is located in the `UserParams.h` file.

### 1.4.2 Enhanced Demonstration Using Real-Time Data Monitor (RTDM) and Dynamic Monitor and Control Interface (DMCI)

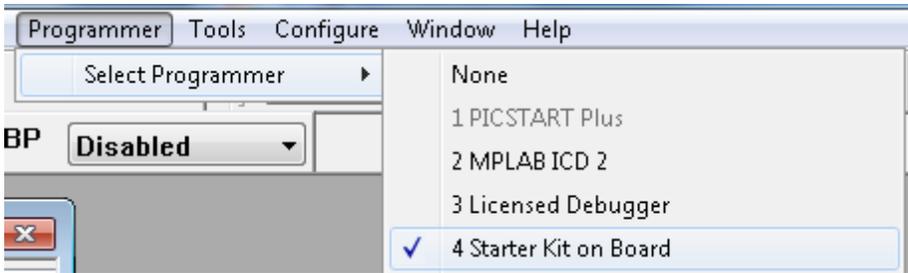
1. In order to utilize RTDM communication for this demonstration, a mini-USB connection is required. Connect a mini-USB cable from your computer to the J6 connector on the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board, labeled USB.



2. Start MPLAB IDE and open the `PMSM.mcp` workspace.



3. Select *Select Programmer>Starter Kit on Board*.



4. Make sure that `RTDM` and `DMCI_DEMO` are defined in the `UserParms.h` file. This allows DMCI to have control over starting and stopping the motor and its speed. If this is not defined, the motor will not start until the S2 push button is pressed.

```
/* define the line below f
#define RTDM_DEMO

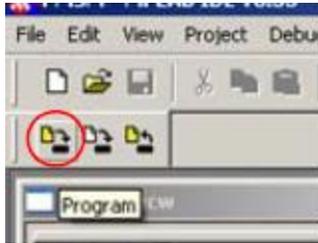
#define DMCI_DEMO
```

5. Build the code by selecting the **Release** mode from the drop-down list and clicking the **Build All** icon.

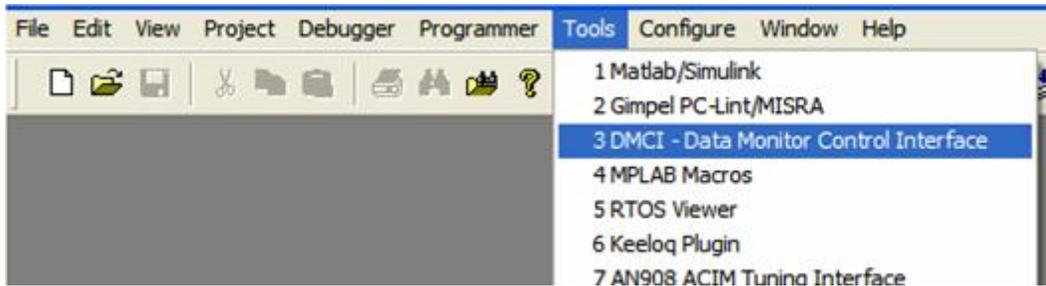


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- Download the code to the dsPICDEM MCHV-2 Development Board.



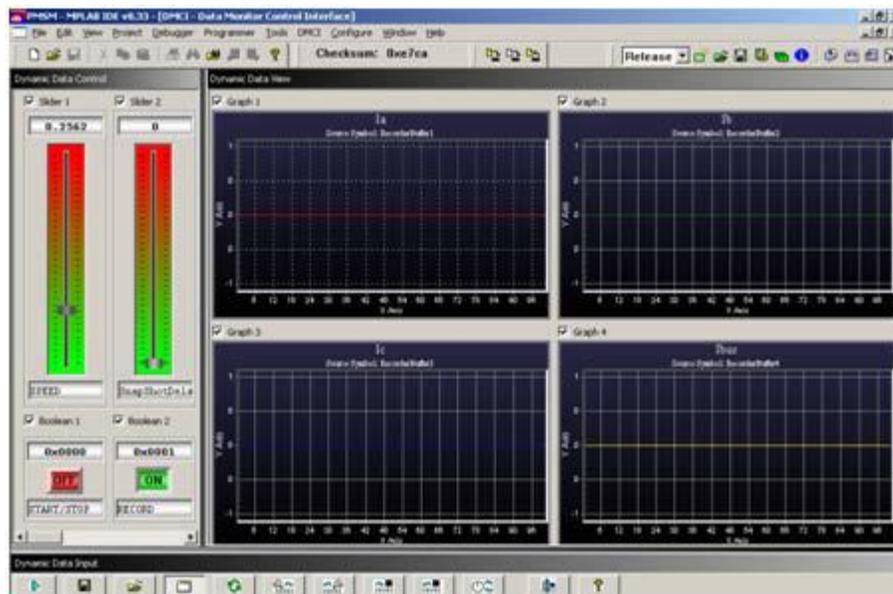
- Open the DMCI window by selecting Tools>DMCI – Data Monitor Control Interface.



- Click the **Load Profile** icon, and from the same folder where your project resides, load the DEMO.dmc.i file, which contains a previously configured profile.



- The DMCI window appears as follows:

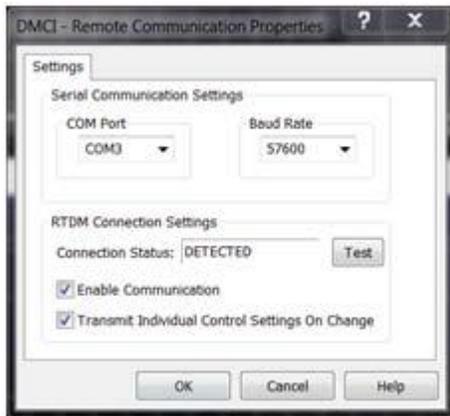


Please consult the “Real-Time Data Monitor User’s Guide” (DS70567) for additional settings needed for a RTDM connection. This document explains the steps needed for the proper communication settings between the Host and Embedded side.

10. Select DMCI>Remote Communication to connect RTDM with your computer.



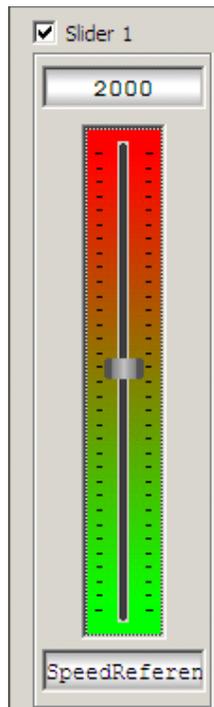
11. Remote Communication needs to be established, as indicated in the figure below (the communication baud rate should be set to 57600, while the COM port used depends on your particular settings).



12. Once communication is detected, make sure the **Enable Communication** box is checked and click **OK**.

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13. Using the SpeedReference slider, adjust the value to 2000. Please note that positive and negative references are possible; therefore, bidirectional functioning is selected by default with RTDM\_DEMO.



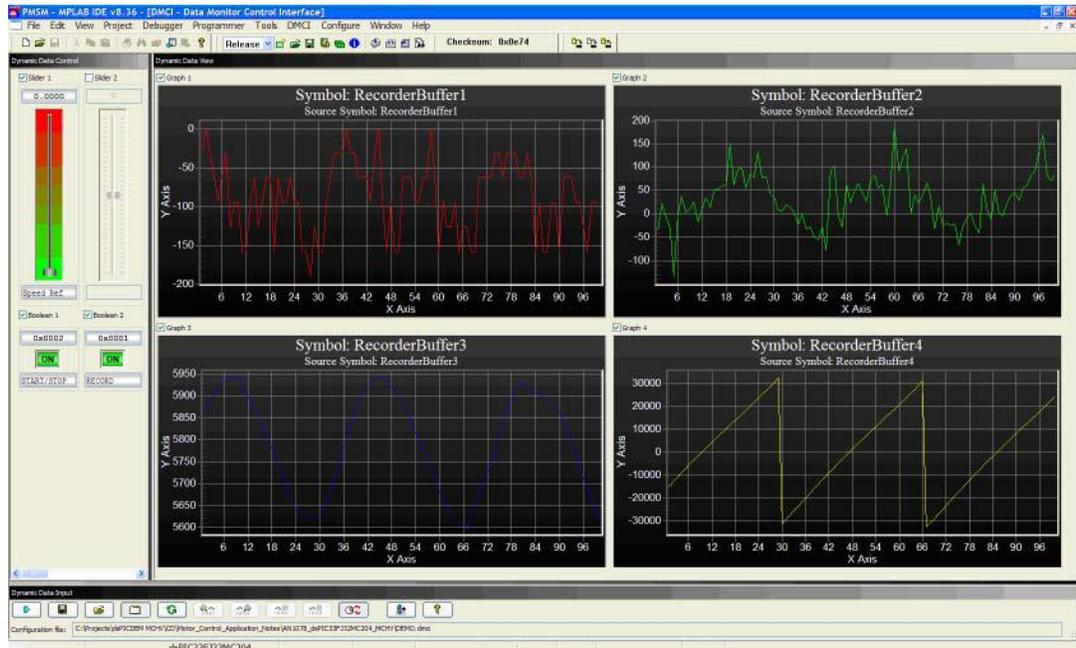
14. Press the "START/STOP" button from DMCI to start the motor at initial speed



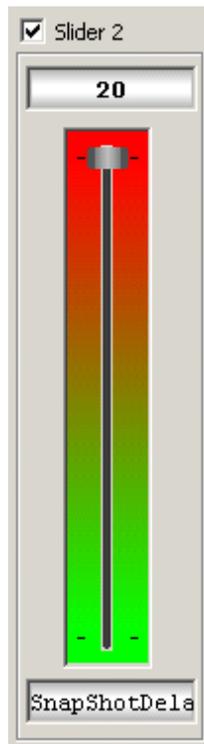
15. Vary the speed of the motor by changing the value of slider control. Be sure to do this slowly, so that the speed controller has time to change the speed to a new set point.
16. To plot variables in real time, enable Automated Event Control by clicking the DMCI icon.



17. The DMCI window shows variables plotted in real time, which are updated automatically.



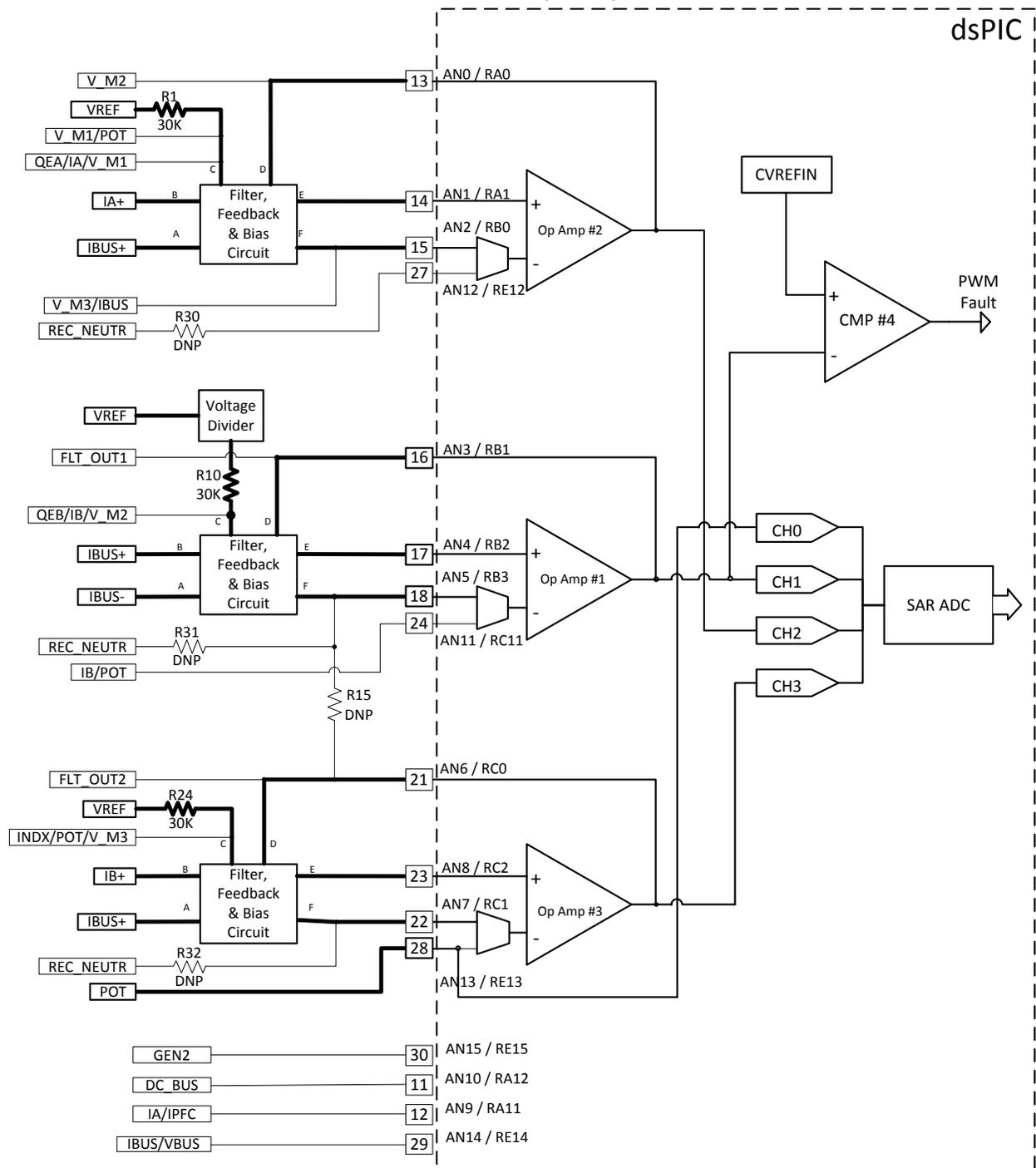
18. To change the time window to see more time on each plot, change the value of the SnapshotDelay, which controls how the buffers are being filled in the code.



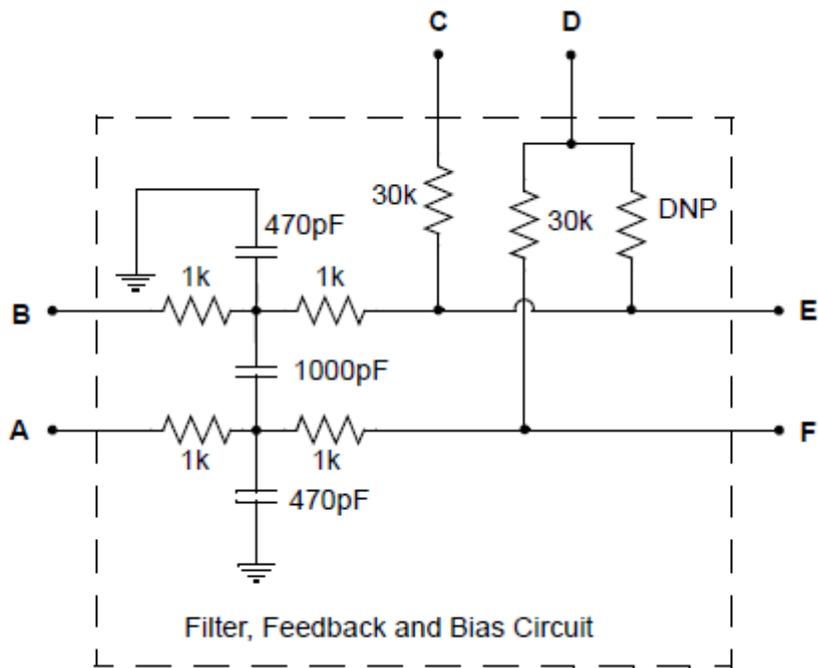
## 1.5 I/O CONFIGURATION

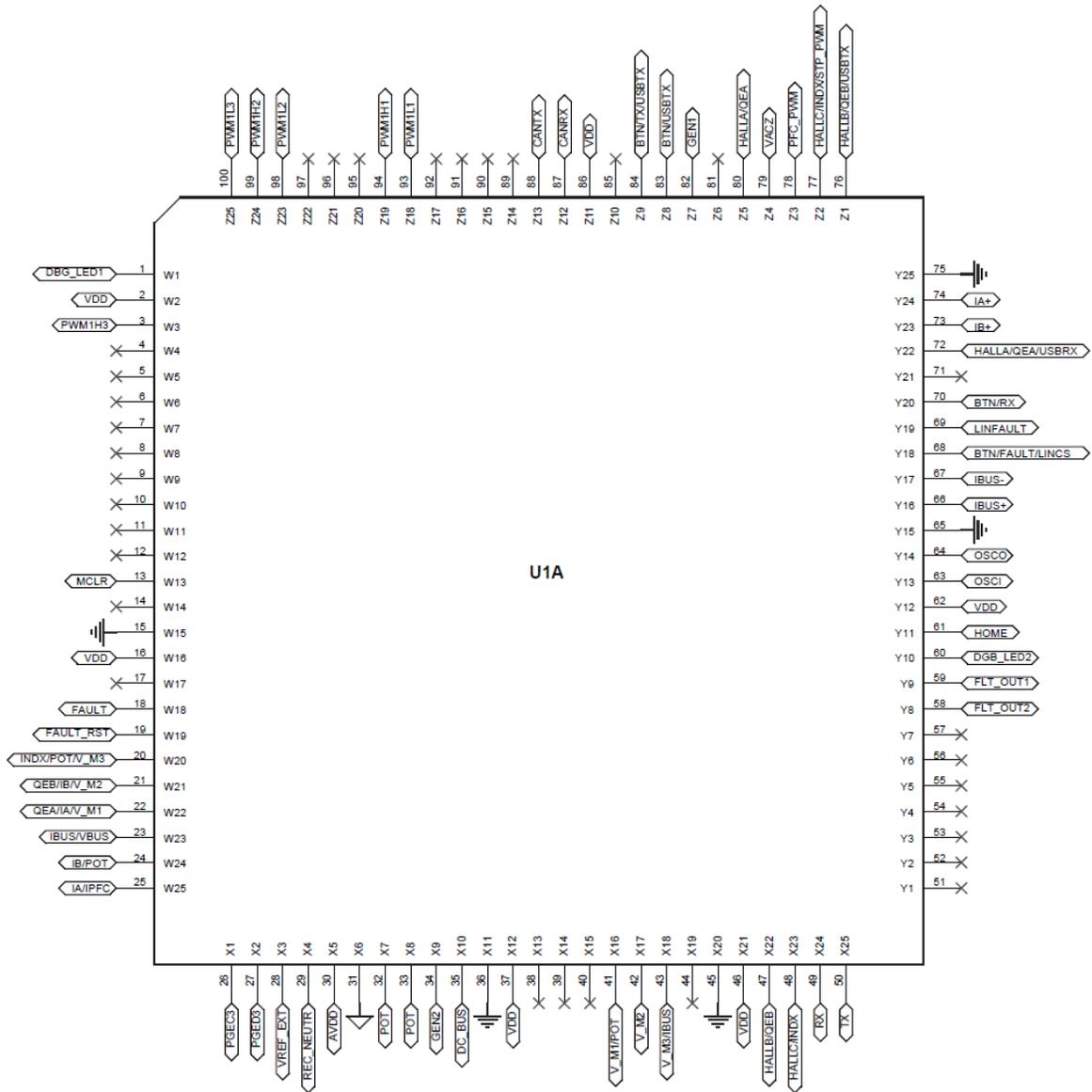
### 1.5.1 Analog I/O Configuration

The following figure shows a block diagram of the analog signal paths on the PIM (MA330031) and a description of their connections inside the dsPIC DSC device (dsPIC33EP256MC506). The analog signal paths used in this demonstration are highlighted. For details regarding the PIM schematics, refer to the PIM information sheet document, available at [www.microchip.com/pims](http://www.microchip.com/pims).



**Note:** Connections depicted inside the dsPIC block depend on the configuration settings selected in the software.





## 1.5.2 Digital I/O Configuration

Functional Description	Device Pin Function	Input/Output
PWM	RB10 through RB15	Output
Switch S2	RG7	Input
Switch S3	RG6	Input
UART RX	RC5	Input
Debug LED1	RD6	Output
Debug LED2	RD5	Output
Test Point	RD8	Output
UART TX	RF1	Output

