

Using Alliance tutorials

Abstract

*These tutorials introduce the design flow to be used in the **Alliance** CAD framework for the design and verification of a standard cells circuit, including the pads. Each step of the design flow is supported by one or more specific tools, whose use is briefly explained in the tutorials.*

These texts are meant to be simple and comprehensive, and are to be used to get into the system. Should something be unclear or wrong, please indicate this by sending an e-mail to alliance-support@lip6.fr.

1 Introduction

In these tutorials, you will learn the practical use of some basic **Alliance** tools by building some very simple circuits from scratch. It is recommended that you read the `overview.ps` file before proceeding, as it describes the main steps of the design conceptually.

2 Before starting

In those tutorials you will learn the practical use of the following **Alliance** tools :

In the first tutorial (`tutorial1/` directory) :

- **asimut** : VHDL compiler and simulator.
- **genpat** : patterns generator.
- **genlib** : Netlist capture.

In the second tutorial (`tutorial2/` directory) :

- **scr** : Standard cell placer and router.
- **druc** : Design rule checker.
- **ring** : Core to pads router.
- **lynx** : Symbolic layout extractor.
- **lvx** : Netlist comparator.
- **graal** : Graphic layout editor.

In the third tutorial (`tutorial3/` directory) :

- **yagle** : Functionnal abstractor.
- **proof** : Formal proof between two behavioral descriptions.
- **tas** : Timing analysis static.

In the forth tutorial (tutorial5/ directory) :

- **syf** : Finite state machine synthesizer.
- **boom** : Boolean optimization of a logic level behavioral description (VHDL data flow).
- **boog** : Mapping of a behavioral description onto a standard cell library.
- **loon** : Fanout optimizer, global optimizer and timing analyser of a gate netlist.
- **xsch** : Graphical schematic viewer.

If you run a c-like shell, like `cs`h or `tc`sh, try to run the following command :

```
~alp/addaccu %-) source /usr/local/alliance/share/etc/alc_env.csh
```

Otherwise, if you run a sh-like shell, try to run the following command :

```
~alp/addaccu %-) source /usr/local/alliance/share/etc/alc_env.sh
```

Before we proceed to the tutorial, you must make sure that the **Alliance** tools are readily available when invoking them at the prompt. The prompt is represented in the following text by the symbol :

```
~alp/addaccu %-)
```

In this system, `alp` is the user, `addaccu` is the current directory, and `%-)` is supposed to give us courage!

Try issuing the following command to check that **Alliance** is correctly installed:

```
~alp/addaccu %-) ali
```

If everything is working, you get the following result:

3 Execution environment set up

Later, before you will start examining alliance tools, you will probably want to know the environment variables setup. To see it, please enter the following command :

```
~alp/addaccu %-) env | grep MBK
```

```
~alp/addaccu %-) env | grep MBK
MBK_OUT_PH=ap
MBK_CATAL_NAME=CATAL
MBK_SCALE_X=100
MBK_VSS=vss
MBK_CATA_LIB=./usr/local/alliance/archi/Linux/cells/sxlib:
                /usr/local/alliance/archi/Linux/cells/padlib
MBK_WORK_LIB=.
MBK_VDD=vdd
MBK_C4_LIB=./cellsC4
MBK_IN_LO=vst
MBK_IN_PH=ap
MBK_TARGET_LIB=/usr/local/alliance/archi/Linux/cells/sxlib
MBK_OUT_LO=vst
```

Figure 2: MBK environment variables.

In figure ?? you can see all of them. All these variables are documented at least with a manual page. However, some variables are documented in each tutorial.

4 File Formats

One of the interesting features of **Alliance** is that different file formats can be used for both netlist and layout view. However, in the design methodology we wish to promote, some formats are recommended. The *vst*, structural **VHDL**, is dedicated to netlist specification. The *al* format is dedicated to extracted layout representation. The *ap* format is the usual layout format.

So, prior to generate a specification netlist, you shall type:

```
~alp/addaccu %-) setenv MBK_OUT_LO vst
```

But if you wish to extract a netlist from the layout then you'll do:

```
~alp/addaccu %-) setenv MBK_OUT_LO al
```

You are now ready to actually do all tutorials.